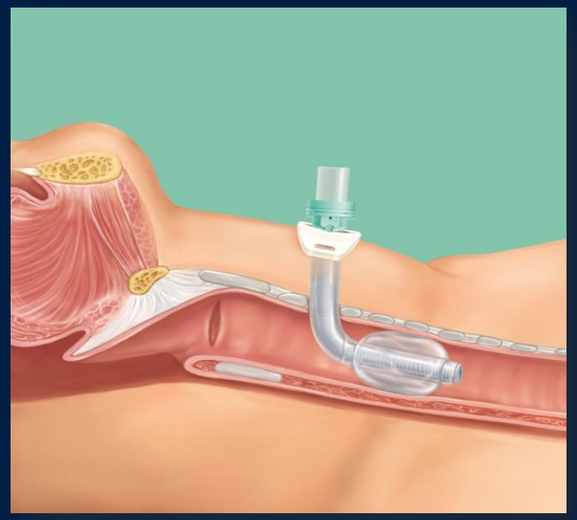
SHILEY™ TRACHEOSTOMY

THE SCIENCE OF SEALING



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EXPECTED TRACHEAL DIAMETER
LITERATURE SEARCH

According to Breatnach article “Dimensions of the normal human trachea”

- Typical Male trachea size is 20.9mm
- Typical Female trachea size is 16.9mm

**Current Shiley trach tube cuffs (barrel shaped) are 40% larger than the expected adult trachea

Breatnach, E, et al. “Dimensions of the Normal Human Trachea.” *American Journal of Roentgenology*, vol. 142, no. 5, 1984, pp. 903–906., doi:10.2214/ajr.142.5.903.

Brodsky JB, Macario A, Mark JB. Tracheal diameter predicts double-lumen tube size: a method for selecting left double-lumen tubes. *Anesthesia And Analgesia*. 1996;82(4):861-864. http://libcontent.medtronic.com/secure/?url=http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=mdc&AN=8615510&site=eds-live.

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SPECIFICATION SHILEY™ PRODUCT COMPARISON

Shiley Flex Product	CRD	Legacy DCT Product	CRD	Shiley™ ETT TaperGuard™ Cuff	CRD
4CN65X	20.6 mm	4DCT	20.0 mm	18765	20.6 mm
5CN70X	23.0 mm			18770	25.4 mm
6CN75X	25.4 mm	6DCT	24.0 mm	18775	25.4 mm
7CN80X	25.4 mm			18780	25.4 mm
8CN85X	26.6 mm	8DCT	27.0 mm	18785	28.6 mm
9CN90X	27.6 mm			18790	28.6 mm
10CN10X	28.6 mm	10DCT	29.0 mm	18710	28.6 mm

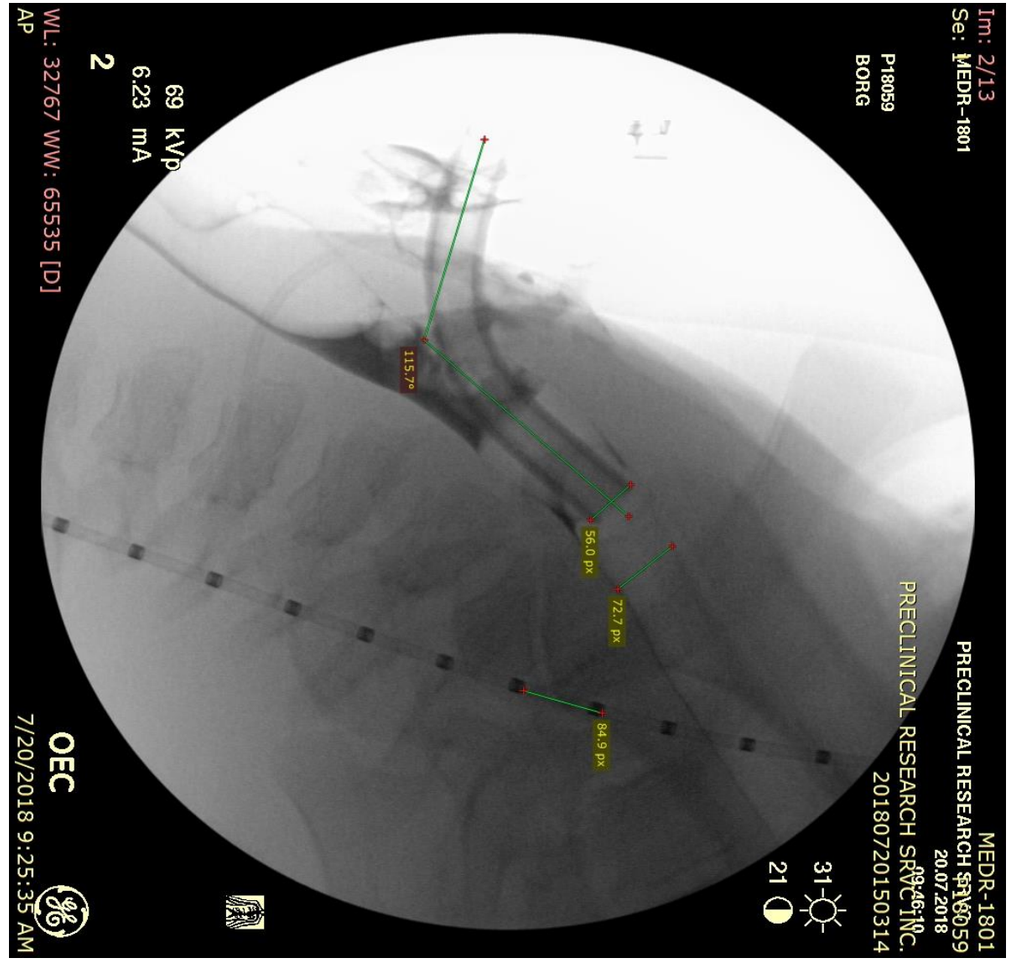
SHILEY FLEXIBLE COMPARED TO SHILEY XLT

Shiley Flex Product	CRD	XLT Product	CRD
4CN65X	20.6 mm		
5CN70X	23.0 mm	60XLTXX	31.3 mm
6CN75X	25.4 mm		
7CN80X	25.4 mm	70XLTXX	35.0 mm
8CN85X	26.6 mm		
9CN90X	27.6 mm	80XLTXX	35.0 mm
10CN10X	28.6 mm		

IMPORTANCE OF CHOOSING THE RIGHT PRODUCT

Shiley™ DCT Legacy cuff

Shiley™ flexible TaperGuard™ cuff



- Images were produced during animal trial comparing Shiley™ DCT to Shiley™ flexible tracheostomy tubes

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WHEN TO CHOOSE XLT

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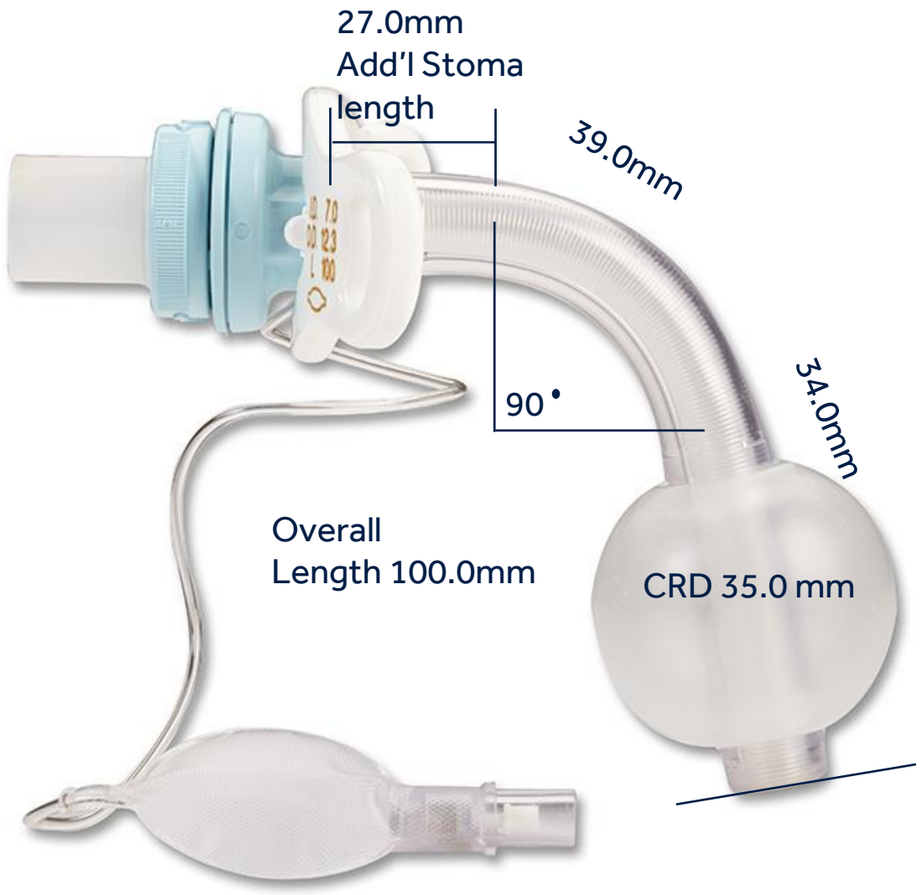
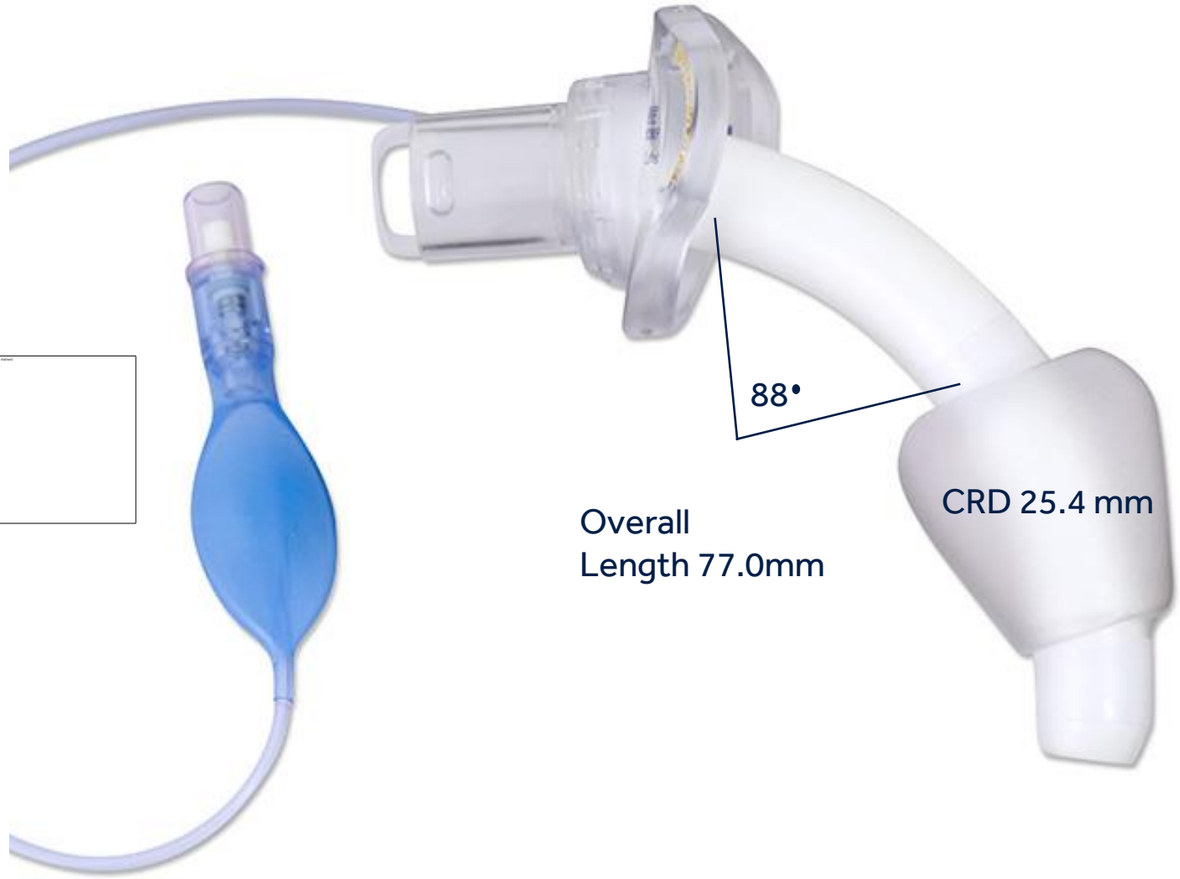
SHILEY FLEX OR XLT PROXIMAL
PRODUCT COMPARISON W/ IC



7XLTCP
I.D. 7.0mm O.D. 12.3mm



7CN80X
I.D. 7.0mm O.D. 11.4mm

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FLEX OR XLT

STOMAL DEPTH DEPENDS ON SEVERAL FACTORS[1]:

THE SITE OF THE TRACHEOSTOMY (IF PERFORMED BELOW THE SECOND OR THIRD TRACHEAL RING THE STOMAL LENGTH WILL BE GREATER THAN IF PERFORMED BELOW THE FIRST TRACHEAL RING

ANGLE OF THE STOMA IN RELATION TO THE TRACHEA (LESS ACUTE ANGLES WILL LEAD TO A GREATER STOMAL LENGTH)

BODY SIZE (A GREATER STOMAL DEPTH CAN BE EXPECTED IN THE OBESE); AND THE VARYING GENERAL EDEMA SEEN IN MOST CRITICAL CARE PATIENTS.

TRACHEOSTOMY WITH FLEX MAY BE SUITABLE FOR PATIENTS WITH BMI LESS THAN 30 KG/M^2.
FOR PATIENTS WITH BMI ≥30 KG/M^2 CONSIDER XLT

▪BMI<30 kg/m^2

▪BMI≥30 kg/m^2

1. Mallick, A., Bodenham, A., et. Al. An investigation into the length of standard tracheostomy tubes in critical care patients*, Volume: 63, Issue: 3, Pages: 302-306, First published: 15 February 2008, DOI: (10.1111/j.1365-2044.2007.05327.x)
2. Szeto, C. Kost, K. et al. A simple Method to predict pretracheal tissue thickness to prevent accidental decannulation in the obese. Otolaryngology (2010) 143, 223-229. First published February 28, 2010.

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